Sociology

Sociology is the science of society. It explains how human groups, institutions, and social movements shape our lives. Sociology develops students’ insights into theoretical and practical aspects of life. Sociology students study such topics as deviance, sex and gender roles, social movements, social problems, large-scale business and government organizations, international development, and social change.

Training in sociology is basic both to creative living and to such practical tasks as the development and effective working of businesses, families, community service agencies, political movements and parties, churches, social clubs, government, industry, and schools.

Those with degrees in sociology find meaningful and rewarding employment as consultants to business and government, social change agents (e.g., community organizers), politicians, educators, and diplomats. Like other liberal arts students, sociology majors also enter the business world, particularly in the sales or personnel divisions of major corporations.

An undergraduate major in sociology is excellent preparation for those anticipating graduate study in law, social welfare, business administration, journalism, and many of the technical and scientific fields. In addition, many students have enjoyed the benefits of major-minor combinations between sociology and these other related fields.

The Sociology Major. The major is for students seeking a broad academic background in sociology. Those who want a general liberal arts education in the social sciences or those anticipating graduate study in one of the social sciences usually choose it.

Academic Advisement. A student planning to major or minor in sociology should consult the College of Liberal Arts advising office as early as possible. Subsequently the student will visit a college advisor each semester until all major requirements have been completed.

To graduate with a major in sociology the student must meet all the University Core Curriculum requirements and the requirements of the College of Liberal Arts. The major requires thirty-six hours of course work. Four courses are required: SOC 108, SOC 301, SOC 308 and SOC 312. A capstone course during the senior year, SOC 497 or SOC 498, which requires prior consent of instructor, is also required. Each student must also take two additional 400-level courses in sociology. These requirements are summarized below.

Transfer Students. Credits for some sociology courses taken at community colleges are transferable. Students should have their sociology credits evaluated by the department’s director of undergraduate studies at the earliest opportunity. At least 20 hours of sociology credit must be earned at Southern Illinois University Carbondale. The two 400-level courses must be taken at a senior level institution and SOC 497 or SOC 498 must be taken at Southern Illinois University Carbondale.

Bachelor of Arts (BA) Degree in Sociology Requirements

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Degree Requirements</th>
<th>Credit Hours</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>University Core Curriculum Requirements</td>
<td>39</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Degree Requirements | Credit Hours
---|---
College of Liberal Arts Academic Requirements | 11
Requirements for Major in Sociology | 36
1) Sociology Requirements: SOC 108, SOC 301, SOC 308 and SOC 312 | 14
2) Senior Year Work: SOC 497 (or SOC 498) | 4
3) At least two additional sociology 400-level courses | 6
4) Sociology course electives | 12
Electives | 34
Total | 120

No more than nine hours of Sociology Core Curriculum courses, including SOC 108, can count toward both the University Core Curriculum requirements and the Sociology major.

**Sociology Minor**

A minor in sociology consists of a minimum of 15 hours, including SOC 108 and at least three more 300- or 400-level sociology courses at SIU Carbondale. An average GPA of 2.0 or higher must be achieved in sociology courses. No more than six hours of Sociology Core Curriculum courses, including Sociology 108, may count toward both the University Core Curriculum requirements and the sociology minor.

**Honors Program in Sociology**

The department offers an honors program for academically outstanding sociology majors. Qualifications for acceptance into this program are: (1) an overall grade point average of at least 3.00; and (2) completion of 8 hours in sociology courses with a grade point average of at least 3.25 in all sociology courses taken at Southern Illinois University Carbondale, and the completion of no fewer than six, nor more than fourteen, semester hours in research or independent study which are counted toward the major. Successful completion of the department’s honors program is noted on the academic record at the time the degree is recorded and on the diploma, i.e., Departmental Honors in Sociology. For details, qualified students interested in this program should consult the department’s director of undergraduate studies. Concurrent participation in the University Honors Program is encouraged.

**Sociology Courses**

**SOC108 - Intro to Sociology** 108-3 Introduction to Sociology. (University Core Curriculum) [IAI Course: S7 900] An introduction to the sociological perspective on human behavior, the structure and processes involved in social relationships, social stratification and inequality, social institutions, and social change. A survey of major areas of interest in sociology. Required of majors and minors in Sociology.

**SOC215 - Race & Ethnic Relations in US** 215-3 Race and Ethnic Relations in the United States. (University Core Curriculum) [IAI Course: S7 903D] Current theory, research and events in race-ethnic
relations in the United States, including the intersection of class, gender and sexuality. Topics include the European colonization of North America, dynamics of immigration, identity formation among ethno-racial groups and political economy of racism.

**SOC223 - Women/Men in Contemp Society** 223-3 Women and Men in Contemporary Society. (University Core Curriculum) (Same as WGSS 223) [IAI Course: S7 904D] Examines theories of women's and men's roles in society. Surveys contemporary gender inequalities in the U.S. and developing countries. Special attention given to employment, race, sexual assault, feminist movements, alternative family/lifestyles and childrearing.

**SOC298 - Multicultural Applied Experence** 298-1 Multicultural Applied Experience. (Multicultural Applied Experience Course) An applied experience, service-oriented credit in American diversity involving a group different from the student’s own. Difference can be manifested by age, gender, ethnicity, nationality, political affiliation, race, or class. Students can sign up for the one-credit experience in the same semester they fulfill the multicultural requirement for the University Core Curriculum or coordinate the credit with a particular core course on American diversity, although neither is required. Students should consult the department for course specifications regarding grading, work requirements and supervision. Graded Pass/Fail only.

**SOC301 - Theory and Society** 301-3 Theory and Society. Sociological theories explain concrete social phenomena by modeling them abstractly. This course exposes students to exemplary theories, either classical or contemporary, and analyzes the general strategies sociologists used to develop them. Required of majors in sociology.

**SOC302 - Contemporary Social Problems** 302-3 Contemporary Social Problems. Examines how social phenomena come to be defined as social problems and the outcomes of these processes for specific cases. How is it that a social phenomenon comes to be seen as a social issue? Analysis of selected social problems and critical assessment of claims-making about these problems.

**SOC303 - Sociology of Deviance** 303-3 Sociology of Deviance. Review of sociological perspectives used in the study of deviance and deviants. Does deviance have functions in society? How is it that a group of individuals comes to be defined as deviant? Examines societal reactions to deviance and consequences for people defined as deviant. Analysis of selected forms of deviance, such as mental illness, “punk” subcultures, eating disorders, drug and alcohol abuse and sex workers.

**SOC304I - Global Perspectives on Family** 304I-3 Global Perspectives on the Family. (University Core Curriculum) People around the world experience family life under different circumstances and from different perspectives. This course will focus on these differences and how societies have evolved to meet the needs of family units within their different social settings. Other key topics that affect families around the world will be discussed: global economy and families, gender inequality, familial violence, and environment concerns.

**SOC306I - Popular Culture in Society** 306I-3 Popular Culture in Society. (University Core Curriculum) Examines the social organization of popular culture, treating popular culture objects as products that are created, manufactured, distributed and consumed. The focus is on the people, activities, organizations and institutions that are involved in popular culture.

**SOC307 - Global Perspectives Sex Diversity** 307-3 Global Perspectives on Sexual Diversity. (Same as WGSS 315) This course explores sexual diversity within different hegemonic heterosexual cultures, worldwide. Using insight from historical and sociological analysis, the contemporary development of social movements for lesbians, gays, and bisexuals and their oppositional forces is analyzed, and consequent cultural changes that have resulted from the confrontation of these forces are examined.


**SOC310 - Technology and Society** 310-3 Science, Technology and Society. This course introduces students to a variety of research traditions and debates within the field of science, technology, and society. We will explore the ways in which historical and contemporary patterns of human evolution have created technological problems; why we are dependent and vulnerable to technology; and how access to
science and technology and the effects of science and technology have an unequal impact. In addressing
these topics, the course will make linkages among local, national, and global processes. We will focus on
a variety of areas including: technology and environmental issues, science, technology, and gender, and
the effects of technological change on our daily lives.

**SOC312 - Elements Sociological Research** 312-4 Elements of Sociological Research. The student is
introduced to a variety of research methods in the social sciences including use of the library, techniques
of observation, and elementary steps in quantitative measurements and analysis. Satisfies the CoLA
Writing-Across-the-Curriculum requirement.

**SOC321 - Society & the Individual** 321-3 Society and the Individual. Introduction to basic concepts in
sociological and social psychology (microsociology). Examines how individuals create and shape the
social world that simultaneously shapes and creates individuals. Emphasizes face-to-face interaction,
socialization, social location and identity.

**SOC322 - Community Organization** 322-3 Community Organization. This course applies basic
sociological concepts and perspectives to issues of community organization. The course is designed to
provide insights into how communities meet (or why they fail to meet) residents' needs. Communities are
arenas of social interaction where most important relationships are structured by the presence of informal
groups and formal organizations. Informal groups provide the building blocks of any community and play
important roles in setting the norms and standards of accepted social behavior. Formal organizations
(businesses, schools, government agencies) control significant human and financial resources which give
them influence and power to shape the direction of change within a community.

**SOC340 - Family** 340-3 Family. The family in historic and contemporary society; evolution of the modern
family; changes in family functions, structure, roles; and an examination of variation and change in family
systems.

**SOC350 - Sociology of Leisure** 350-3 Sociology of Leisure. This course examines leisure, broadly
defined, in a sociological context. What can we learn about ourselves, and about society, by examining
leisure involvement? How do various social institutions influence leisure behavior, and how do
individuals respond to those influences? Using leisure as an organizing principle, this course reinforces
understanding of sociological concepts, theories, and methods.

**SOC351 - Sociology of Religion** 351-3 Sociology of Religion. Examines the dynamics of religious
institutions in society, and of religious beliefs and attachments among individuals, including the
connections between religion and family, health, education, and politics.

**SOC352 - Sociology of Music** 352-3 Sociology of Music. This course analyzes music as a social
phenomenon with special attention to race, class, gender, ethnicity, technology and social change.
We look at how musicians and their music influence society, and vice versa, using macro and micro
sociological perspectives, embedded within various historical and cultural themes.

**SOC371 - Population Problems** 371-3 Population Problems. Characteristics and problems of population
growth, composition, distribution, mortality, birth control and fertility, international and internal migration,
and government policies.

**SOC372 - Criminology** 372-3 Criminology. An examination of the socially constructed nature of crime,
and historical and contemporary theories of criminality. Additional topics of interest include types of
offenses, methods of studying crime, and the correlates of crime.

**SOC386 - Environmental Sociology** 386-3 Environmental Sociology. Focus on social structural
conditions and institutions that have changed the natural environment as a social problem. Responses
to these problems will be addressed on the individual, group (race, class and gender) and institutional
levels.

**SOC396 - Readings in Sociology** 396-1 to 6 Readings in Sociology. Instructor and student select
reading topics which are not covered in depth in regular course offerings. Special approval needed from
the department and instructor.
SOC397 - Special Topics in Sociology 397-3 to 12 Special Topics in Sociology. Varying sociological topics selected by the instructor for study in depth and breadth. Topics will be announced in advance of registration for the course. May be repeated 4 times.

SOC399 - Internship in Sociology 399-2 to 8 Internship in Sociology. Designed to provide students majoring in sociology the opportunity to engage in applied sociology and gain valuable work experience. Classroom meetings are required. Restricted to minimum of junior standing. Special approval needed from the instructor. No more than three hours of 399 to count toward the major.

SOC406 - Social Change 406-3 Social Change. Theories and problems of social change; their application, with emphasis on the modern industrial period.

SOC407 - Sociology of Sexuality 407-3 Sociology of Sexuality. (Same as WGSS 407) Examines a range of social issues related to human sexuality and the interaction between sexuality and other social processes. Emphasis is on the relevant concepts, theories, and methods in the field of sexual studies, the social and historical construction of sexuality and the ways in which social characteristics shape sexual behaviors and desires, sexual variation, including its causes and consequences, how basic social institutions affect the rules governing sexuality, the major moral and political controversies that surround sexuality, and the “dark side” of sexual life.

SOC415 - Logic of the Social Sciences 415-3 Logic of the Social Sciences. (Same as PHIL 415) An examination of the theoretical structure and nature of the social sciences and their epistemological foundations. The relationship of social theory to social criticism; theory and praxis. Historical experience and social objectivity. Social theory as practical knowledge.

SOC423 - Sociology of Gender 423-3 Sociology of Gender. (Same as WGSS 442) Examines social science theory and research on gender issues and contemporary roles of men and women. The impact of gender on social life is examined on the micro level, in work and family roles, in social institutions, and at the global, cross-cultural level.

SOC424 - Social Movements 424-3 Social Movements and Collective Behavior. An analysis of social behavior in non-institutional settings such as crowds, disasters, riots, mass panics, crazes, cults, and social movements. Emphasis is on the cultural and structural factors leading to collective action and its impact on social change.

SOC435 - Social Inequality 435-3 Social Inequality. Discussion of theories and evidence pertaining to the socio-structural causes and consequences of inequality based on social class, prestige, power, gender, wealth and income.

SOC437 - Socio Globalztn & Developmnt 437-3 Sociology of Globalization and Development. Survey of sociological theories and research on globalization and development: modernization, dependency, world-system, and global economy. Problem areas include population growth and control, economic growth and underdevelopment, role of state, transnational corporations, financial institutions, and organizations, nongovernmental organizations, work, population, migration, social movements and resistance, gender, race-ethnic, class, and sexuality issues.

SOC438 - Soc of Ethnic Relations 438-3 Sociology of Ethnic Relations in World Perspective. Examines theories, concepts and research on the structure of ethnic relations and ethnic problems in contemporary societies in major world regions. Assimilationist, pluralist, secessionist, and militant types of ethnic and racial group relations are covered in selected societies. Designed for students with advanced interest in comparative ethnic relations. Prerequisite: SOC 215 is recommended.

SOC455 - Racial Inequality 455-3 Racial Inequality. This course is an introductory survey on the sociology of Racial Inequality. As such, the basic objective of this course is to give students a broad understanding of race and inequality issues in society. This course will require students to become familiar with the critical frameworks and concepts through which social scientists make sense of racial inequality; to come to terms with the ideological, political, and economic mechanisms that perpetuate racist structures; to study the past and present historical contexts within which racial inequality is given shape; and to explore potential venues for change.

2019-2020 Academic Catalog
SOC460 - Sociology of Medicine 460-3 Sociology of Medicine. Analyzes the social structures and issues involved in health, illness, and health-care delivery systems in the United States. Explores the economic and political influences on the role of medicine in society, as well as the organization of medical care and health institutions. Critically examines the social processes and factors that influence health and illness behavior.

SOC461 - Women, Crime and Justice 461-3 Women, Crime and Justice. (Same as CCJ 460 and WGSS 476) A study of women as offenders, as victims, and as workers in the criminal justice system.

SOC462 - Victims of Crime 462-3 Victims of Crime. (Same as CCJ 462) An examination of the extent and nature of victimization, theories about the causes of victimization, the effects of crime on victims and services available to deal with those effects, victims' experiences in the criminal justice system, the victims' rights movement, and alternative ways of defining and responding to victimization.

SOC465 - Sociology of Aging 465-3 Sociology of Aging. The adult life cycle from a sociological perspective, with emphasis on the later stages of adulthood. Special topics on aging include demographic aspects, family interaction, ethnicity, and cross-cultural trends.

SOC471 - Intro to Social Demography 471-3 Introduction to Social Demography. Survey of concepts, theories, and techniques of population analysis; contemporary trends and patterns in composition, growth, fertility, mortality, and migration. Emphasis is on relationship between population and social, economic, and political factors.

SOC473 - Juvenile Delinquency 473-3 Juvenile Delinquency. (Same as CCJ 473) An in-depth study of theories of delinquency, analytical skills useful in studying delinquent offenders, systematic assessment of efforts at prevention, and control and rehabilitation in light of theoretical perspectives. Six hours of social/behavioral science recommended.

SOC475 - Political Sociology 475-3 Political Sociology. (Same as POLS 419) An examination of the social bases of power and politics, including attention to global and societal political relations, as well as individual-level political beliefs and commitments; primary focus on American politics.

SOC476 - Religion and Politics 476-3 Religion and Politics. (Same as POLS 476) Examines the connection between religious beliefs and institutions and political beliefs and institutions. Comparative studies will focus on religious political movements in the United States and throughout the world.

SOC490 - Special Topics in Sociology 490-3 Special Topics in Sociology. Varying advanced sociological topics selected by the instructor for study in depth. May be repeated for a maximum of twelve semester hours provided registrations cover different topics. Topics announced in advance.

SOC497 - Senior Seminar 497-4 Senior Seminar. Contemporary issues in sociology and the analysis of these issues. Restricted to senior standing with 20 hours in sociology (including 301), or consent of instructor. Not for graduate credit. Satisfies the CoLA Writing-Across-the-Curriculum requirement.

SOC498 - Independent Research 498-1 to 8 Independent Research. Students who wish to pursue specific topics in depth, or who have developed specific research projects, may submit proposals to faculty members who can serve as mentors. Independent research normally results in a significant paper or research report that serves as a demonstration of scholarly competence and concludes the major. May substitute for 497 only when student demonstrates substantial preparation or need. Satisfies the CoLA Writing-Across-the-Curriculum requirement. Not for graduate credit. Restricted to senior standing with 20 hours in sociology (including 301). Special approval needed from the instructor.

Sociology Faculty

Alix, Ernest K., Associate Professor, Emeritus, Ph.D., Southern Illinois University, 1966.
Barber, Kristen M., Assistant Professor, Ph.D., University of Southern California, 2011.
Burger, Thomas, Associate Professor, Emeritus, Ph.D., Duke University, 1972.
Calhoun, Thomas C., Professor, Emeritus, Ph.D., University of Kentucky, 1988.
Crowe, Jessica A., Associate Professor, Ph.D., Washington State University, 2008.
Danaher, William F., Professor, PhD., North Carolina State University, 1994.
Hawkes, Roland K., Associate Professor, Emeritus, Ph.D., John Hopkins, 1967.
Hendrix, Lewellyn, Professor, Emeritus, Ph.D., Princeton University, 1974.
Nall, Frank C., II, Associate Professor, Emeritus, Ph.D., Michigan State University, 1959.
Patterson, Edgar I., Assistant Professor, Emeritus, M.A., University of Kansas, 1961.
Reed, Jean-Pierre, Associate Professor, Ph.D., California-Santa Barbara, 2000.
Schneider, Mark A., Associate Professor, Emeritus, Ph.D., Yale University, 1985.
Sherkat, Darren, Professor, Ph.D., Duke University, 1991.
Ward, Kathryn B., Professor, Emerita, Ph.D., University of Iowa, 1982.
Whaley, Rachel B., Associate Professor, Ph.D., University at Albany, State University of New York (SUNY), 1999.
Wienke, Chris, Associate Professor, Ph.D., University of Pittsburgh, 2003.

Last updated: 02/14/2017

Southern Illinois University
Carbondale, IL 62901
Phone: (618) 453-2121

Catalog Year Statement:
Students starting their collegiate training during the period of time covered by this catalog (see bottom of this page) are subject to the curricular requirements as specified herein. The requirements herein will extend for a seven calendar-year period from the date of entry for baccalaureate programs and three years for associate programs. Should the University change the course requirements contained herein subsequently, students are assured that necessary adjustments will be made so that no additional time is required of them.